UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): October 28, 2015

Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-34972 (Commission File Number) 26-2634160 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

8283 Greensboro Drive, McLean, Virginia (Address of principal executive offices) 22102 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (703) 902-5000

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the Registrant under any of the following provisions:

o Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

o Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On October 28, 2015, Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation (the "Company") issued a press release announcing its results of operations for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2015. A copy of the press release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1.

On October 28, 2015, the Company posted to the "Investor Relations" section of its website slides that accompany the earnings conference call. A copy of the slides is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Press Release dated October 28, 2015
99.2	Slides for the Earnings Conference Call

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation

BY: /s/ Kevin L. Cook Kevin L. Cook Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: October 28, 2015

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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BOOZ ALLEN HAMILTON ANNOUNCES SECOND QUARTER FISCAL 2016 RESULTS

Record-High Book-to-Bill of 3.49 and Strong Backlog of \$12.55 billion

Revenue Increased 1.3 percent, to \$1.32 billion

Adjusted EBITDA of \$124 million

Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share of \$0.39

Quarterly dividend of \$0.13 per share, payable on November 30, 2015

McLean, Virginia; October 28, 2015 - Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation (NYSE:BAH), the parent company of management and technology consulting and engineering services firm Booz Allen Hamilton Inc., today announced preliminary results for the second quarter of fiscal 2016.

The Company's emphasis on bid and proposal activities in the first half of the fiscal year contributed to a very strong award quarter with a book-to-bill ratio of 3.49, the highest since the Company became public in 2010, and total backlog of \$12.55 billion, the highest in nearly three years. This achievement in contract awards reflects the success of the investments the Company has made over the last several years in people, capabilities, markets, and innovation.

"We had a very strong second quarter," said Horacio Rozanski, President and Chief Executive Officer. "Our team's great success in winning new business affirms our long-term strategy to achieve sustainable, quality growth by providing our clients with superior people, capabilities, and mission knowledge so that we solve their toughest problems and advance their most important missions."

During the second quarter, the Company's revenue increased by 1.3 percent over the prior year period to \$1.32 billion, despite challenges presented by the end of the Company's largest contract in July. The Company successfully transitioned a majority of the work from the SURVIAC contract to new vehicles and won the vast majority of the competitions for replacement task orders or contracts. The revenue gap from the transition of the contract was within the previously disclosed expected range of \$100 million to \$200 million, and over 90 percent of affected staff have transitioned to follow-on tasks or new contracts.

Adjusted EBITDA margin for the second quarter of the fiscal year was 9.4 percent, compared to 10.6 percent in the prior year period. Bottom-line results reflect the impact of higher spending on bid and proposal activity and strategic investments, plus the cost of retaining staff during the SURVIAC transition. Unlike fiscal year 2015, Adjusted EBITDA margins and spending in the second half of fiscal 2016 are anticipated to be roughly flat as compared to the first half of the current fiscal year.

The Company authorized and declared a regular dividend of \$0.13 per share, payable on November 30, 2015, to stockholders of record on November 10, 2015.

Financial Review

Second Quarter 2016 - Below is a summary of additional results for the fiscal 2016 second quarter and the key factors driving those results.

- Gross Revenue increased to \$1.32 billion from \$1.30 billion in the prior year period, primarily as a result of an increase in billable expenses over the prior year period. Revenue on cost reimbursable contracts also benefited from higher indirect cost spending.
- Adjusted Operating Income decreased to \$109.9 million from \$123.0 million in the prior year period. The decrease was primarily
 the result of increased indirect spending on bid and proposal activities, compared to prior years, to meet strong demand. The
 decrease also reflected the cost of retaining staff as they transitioned from work done under the SURVIAC contract to new or
 replacement task orders or contracts, and relatively higher spending on investments in growth platforms as compared to the prior
 year. These decreases were partially offset by improved profitability on certain contracts.
- Adjusted Net Income declined to \$57.6 million from \$66.7 million in the prior year period. The decline was driven by the same factors that impacted Adjusted Operating Income.
- Adjusted EBITDA decreased to \$124.2 million from \$137.8 million, and Adjusted EBITDA margins declined to 9.4 percent from 10.6 percent in the prior year period. The decreases were driven by the same factors as Adjusted Operating Income.
- Diluted EPS decreased to \$0.37 from \$0.42 and Adjusted Diluted EPS decreased to \$0.39 from \$0.44 in the prior year period. The
 decrease in Adjusted Diluted EPS was driven by the same factors as Adjusted Operating Income, partially offset by the impact of a
 decrease in the Company's diluted share count.

Due to the significant number of large contract awards during the quarter, backlog as of September 30, 2015, is more heavily weighted toward Priced Options, which provide more visibility into the revenue potential in fiscal year 2017 and beyond and supports Booz Allen's strategy of delivering sustainable quality growth. Booz Allen's total backlog as of September 30, 2015, was \$12.55 billion, compared to \$10.89 billion as of September 30, 2014. Book-to-bill was 3.49 for the second quarter of fiscal 2015, compared to 1.93 in the prior period.

First Half Fiscal 2016 - Booz Allen's cumulative performance for the first and second quarters of fiscal 2016, driven by the same factors discussed above, has resulted in:

- Gross Revenue of \$2.67 billion for the first half of fiscal 2016, compared with \$2.63 billion for the prior year period.
- Adjusted Operating Income for the first half of fiscal 2016 of \$237.1 million compared with \$265.2 million in the first half of fiscal 2015.
- Adjusted Net Income for the first half of fiscal 2016 of \$123.4 million compared with \$141.3 million in the prior year period.

- Adjusted EBITDA for the first half of fiscal 2016 of \$265.4 million compared with \$295.1 million in the first half of fiscal 2015.
- Diluted EPS of \$0.80 and Adjusted Diluted EPS of \$0.83 for the first half of fiscal 2016, compared with \$0.89 and \$0.94, respectively, for the first half of fiscal 2015.

Net cash provided by operating activities for the first half of fiscal 2016 was \$88.7 million compared with \$200.5 million in the prior year period. Free cash flow in the first half of fiscal 2016 was \$59.1 million, compared with \$191.6 million in the prior year period. The decline in operating cash flow was driven primarily by a significant reduction in working capital in the prior year period. The decline in free cash flow was driven by those same factors, as well as an increase in capital expenses related to the reconfiguration of the Company's facilities footprint in the metropolitan Washington, D.C. area.

Financial Outlook

For our full fiscal year 2016 we are reaffirming the guidance we issued on May 21, 2015. We expect revenue to be roughly flat, with a range of two percent growth to a two percent decline. At the bottom line, for the full year, we are forecasting diluted EPS to be in the range of \$1.55 to \$1.65, and Adjusted Diluted EPS to be on the order of \$1.60 to \$1.70.

These EPS estimates are based on fiscal year 2016 estimated average diluted shares outstanding of approximately 149.5 million shares, and a 40.2 percent effective tax rate, which does not include federal and state tax credits that have not yet been extended or for which qualifications have not yet been established.

Conference Call Information

Booz Allen Hamilton will host a conference call at 8 a.m. EDT on Wednesday, October 28, 2015, to discuss the financial results for its Second Quarter Fiscal Year 2016 (ended September 30, 2015).

Analysts and institutional investors may participate on the call by dialing (877) 375-9141 International: (253) 237-1151. The conference call will be webcast simultaneously to the public through a link on the investor relations section of the Booz Allen Hamilton web site at <u>investors.boozallen.com</u>. A replay of the conference call will be available online at <u>investors.boozallen.com</u> beginning at 11 a.m. EDT on October 28, 2015, and continuing for 30 days.

About Booz Allen Hamilton

Booz Allen Hamilton (NYSE: BAH) has been at the forefront of strategy and technology for more than 100 years. Today, the firm provides management and technology consulting and engineering services to leading *Fortune* 500 corporations, governments, and not-for-profits across the globe. Booz Allen partners with public and private sector clients to solve their most difficult challenges through a combination of consulting, analytics, mission operations, technology, systems delivery, cybersecurity, engineering, and innovation expertise.

With international headquarters in McLean, Virginia, the firm employs more than 22,200 people globally, and had revenue of \$5.27 billion for the 12 months ended March 31, 2015. To learn more, visit www.boozallen.com.

CONTACT:

Media Relations - James Fisher 703-377-7595; Investor Relations - Curt Riggle 703-377-5332. **BAHPR-FI**

Non-GAAP Financial Information

"Adjusted Operating Income" represents Operating Income before (i) certain stock option-based and other equity-based compensation expenses, (ii) adjustments related to the amortization of intangible assets, and (iii) transaction costs, fees, losses, and expenses, including fees associated with debt prepayments. Booz Allen prepares Adjusted Operating Income to eliminate the impact of items it does not consider indicative of ongoing operating performance due to their inherent unusual, extraordinary or non-recurring nature or because they result from an event of a similar nature.

"Adjusted EBITDA" represents net income before income taxes, net interest and other expense and depreciation and amortization and before certain other items, including: (i) certain stock option-based and other equity-based compensation expenses, and (ii) transaction costs, fees, losses, and expenses, including fees associated with debt prepayments. Booz Allen prepares Adjusted EBITDA to eliminate the impact of items it does not consider indicative of ongoing operating performance due to their inherent unusual, extraordinary or non-recurring nature or because they result from an event of a similar nature.

"Adjusted Net Income" represents net income before: (i) certain stock option-based and other equity-based compensation expenses, (ii) transaction costs, fees, losses, and expenses, including fees associated with debt prepayments, (iii) adjustments related to the amortization of intangible assets, (iv) amortization or write-off of debt issuance costs and write-off of original issue discount and (v) any extraordinary, unusual or non-recurring items, in each case net of the tax effect calculated using an assumed effective tax rate. Booz Allen prepares Adjusted Net Income to eliminate the impact of items, net of taxes, it does not consider indicative of ongoing operating performance due to their inherent unusual, extraordinary or non-recurring nature or because they result from an event of a similar nature.

"Adjusted Diluted EPS" represents diluted EPS calculated using Adjusted Net Income as opposed to Net Income. Additionally, Adjusted Diluted EPS does not contemplate any adjustments to net income as required under the two-class method of calculating EPS as required in accordance with GAAP.

"Free Cash Flow" represents the net cash generated from operating activities less the impact of purchases of property and equipment.

Booz Allen utilizes and discusses in this release Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, and Adjusted Diluted EPS because management uses these measures for business planning purposes, including managing its business against internal projected results of operations and measuring its performance. Management views Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, and Adjusted Diluted EPS as measures of the core operating business, which exclude the impact of the items detailed in the supplemental exhibits, as these items are generally not operational in nature. These supplemental performance measures also provide another basis for comparing period to period results by excluding potential differences caused by non-operational and unusual or non-recurring items. Booz Allen also utilizes and discusses Free Cash Flow in this release because management uses this measure for business planning purposes, measuring the cash generating ability of the operating business and measuring liquidity generally. Booz Allen presents these supplemental measures because it believes that these measures provide investors and securities analysts with important supplemental information with which to evaluate Booz Allen's performance, long term earnings potential, or liquidity, as applicable, and to enable them to assess Booz Allen's performance on the same basis as management. These supplemental performance measurements may vary from and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures by other companies in Booz Allen's industry. Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Diluted EPS, and Free Cash Flow are not recognized measurements under GAAP and when analyzing Booz Allen's performance or liquidity, as applicable, investors should (i) evaluate each adjustment in our reconciliation of Operating and Net Income to Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income, and net cash provided by

operating activities to Free Cash Flows and the explanatory footnotes regarding those adjustments, (ii) use Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, and Adjusted Diluted EPS in addition to, and not as an alternative to Operating Income, Net Income or Diluted EPS as a measure of operating results, each as defined under GAAP, and (iii) use Free Cash Flows, in addition to, and not as an alternative to, Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities as a measure of liquidity, each as defined under GAAP. Exhibit 4 includes a reconciliation of Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Diluted EPS, and Free Cash Flows to the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP.

No reconciliation of the forecasted range for Adjusted Diluted EPS to Diluted EPS for any period during fiscal 2016 is included in this release because we are unable to quantify certain amounts that would be required to be included in the GAAP measure without unreasonable efforts and we believe such reconciliations would imply a degree of precision that would be confusing or misleading to investors.

Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this press release and in related comments by our management include "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Examples of forward-looking statements include information concerning Booz Allen's preliminary financial results, financial outlook and guidance, including forecasted revenue, Diluted EPS, and Adjusted Diluted EPS, future quarterly dividends, and future improvements in operating margins, as well as any other statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "could," "should," "forecasts," "expects," "intends," "plans," "anticipates," "projects," "outlook," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," "continue," "preliminary," or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give you no assurance these expectations will prove to have been correct.

These forward-looking statements relate to future events or our future financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements.

These risks and other factors include: cost cutting and efficiency initiatives, budget reductions, Congressionally mandated automatic spending cuts, and other efforts to reduce U.S. government spending, including automatic sequestration required by the Budget Control Act of 2011 (as amended by the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 and Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2014), which have reduced and delayed contract awards and funding for orders for services especially in the current political environment or otherwise negatively affect our ability to generate revenue under contract awards, including as a result of reduced staffing and hours of operation at U.S. government clients; delayed funding of our contracts due to uncertainty relating to and a possible failure of Congressional efforts to approve funding of the U.S. government beyond December 11, 2015, and to craft a long-term agreement on the U.S. government's ability to incur indebtedness in excess of its current limits, or changes in the pattern or timing of government funding and spending (including those resulting from or related to cuts associated with sequestration or other budgetary cuts made in lieu of sequestration); current and continued uncertainty around the timing, extent, nature, and effect of Congressional and other U.S. government action to address budgetary constraints, including, but not limited to, uncertainty around the outcome of Congressional efforts to approve funding of the U.S. government beyond December 11, 2015, and to craft a long-term agreement on the U.S. government's ability to incur indebtedness in excess of its current limits, and the U.S. deficit any issue that compromises our relationships with the U.S. government or damages our professional reputation, including negative publicity concerning government contractors in general or us in particular; changes in U.S. government spending, including a continuation of efforts by the U.S. government to decrease spending for management support service contracts, and mission priorities that shift expenditures away from agencies or programs that we support; the size of our addressable markets and the amount of U.S. government spending on private contractors; failure to comply with numerous laws and regulations; our ability to compete effectively in the competitive bidding process and delays or losses of contract awards caused by competitors' protests of major contract awards received by us; the loss of General Services Administration Multiple Award schedule contracts, or GSA schedules, or our position as prime contractor on government-wide acquisition contract vehicles, or GWACs; changes in the mix of our contracts and our ability to accurately estimate or otherwise recover expenses, time, and resources for our contracts; our ability to generate revenue under certain of our contracts; our ability to realize the full value of and replenish our backlog and the timing of our receipt of revenue under contracts included in backlog; changes in estimates used in recognizing revenue; an inability to attract, train, or retain employees with the requisite skills, experience, and security clearances; an inability to hire, assimilate, and deploy enough employees to serve our clients under existing contracts; an inability to timely and effectively utilize our employees; failure by us or

our employees to obtain and maintain necessary security clearances; the loss of members of senior management or failure to develop new leaders; misconduct or other improper activities from our employees or subcontractors, including the improper use or release of our clients' sensitive or classified information; increased insourcing by various U.S. government agencies due to changes in the definition of "inherently governmental" work, including proposals to limit contractor access to sensitive or classified information and work assignments; increased competition from other companies in our industry; failure to maintain strong relationships with other contractors; inherent uncertainties and potential adverse developments in legal or regulatory proceedings, including litigation, audits, reviews, and investigations, which may result in materially adverse judgments, settlements, withheld payments, penalties, or other unfavorable outcomes including debarment, as well as disputes over the availability of insurance or indemnification; continued efforts to change how the U.S. government reimburses compensation related and other expenses or otherwise limit such reimbursements, including recent rules that expand the scope of existing reimbursement limitations, such as a reduction in allowable annual employee compensation to certain contractors as a result of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2013, and an increased risk of compensation being deemed unallowable or payments being withheld as a result of U.S. government audit, review or investigation; internal system or service failures and security breaches, including, but not limited to, those resulting from external cyber attacks on our network and internal systems; risks related to changes to our operating structure, capabilities, or strategy intended to address client needs, grow our business or respond to market developments; risks associated with new relationships, clients, capabilities, and service offerings in our U.S. and international businesses; failure to comply with special U.S. government laws and regulations relating to our international operations; risks related to our indebtedness and credit facilities which contain financial and operating covenants; the adoption by the U.S. government of new laws, rules, and regulations, such as those relating to organizational conflicts of interest issues or limits; risks related to completed and future acquisitions, including our ability to realize the expected benefits from such acquisitions; an inability to utilize existing or future tax benefits, including those related to our stock-based compensation expense, for any reason, including a change in law; and variable purchasing patterns under U.S. government GSA schedules, blanket purchase agreements and indefinite delivery, indefinite quantity contracts. Additional information concerning these and other factors can be found in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on May 21, 2015.

All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing cautionary statements. All such statements speak only as of the date made and, except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Exhibit 1

Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

	Three Months EndedSix Months EndedSeptember 30,September 30,							
(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)		2015		2014		2015		2014
		(Unai	udited)			(Una	udited))
Revenue	\$	1,322,154	\$	1,304,841	\$	2,673,758	\$	2,627,138
Operating costs and expenses:								
Cost of revenue		626,155		642,425		1,269,187		1,287,426
Billable expenses		363,690		347,651		742,340		698,623
General and administrative expenses		208,141		176,972		396,802		348,041
Depreciation and amortization		15,352		15,810		30,469		32,042
Total operating costs and expenses		1,213,338		1,182,858		2,438,798		2,366,132
Operating income		108,816		121,983		234,960		261,006
Interest expense		(17,685)		(17,817)		(35,175)		(36,681)
Other, net		(178)		807		(246)		(303)
Income before income taxes		90,953		104,973		199,539		224,022
Income tax expense		34,737		39,689		79,017		87,623
Net income	\$	56,216	\$	65,284	\$	120,522	\$	136,399
Earnings per common share:								
Basic	\$	0.38	\$	0.43	\$	0.82	\$	0.92
Diluted	\$	0.37	\$	0.42	\$	0.80	\$	0.89
Dividends declared per share	\$	0.13	\$	0.11	\$	0.26	\$	1.22
			_		_		_	

Exhibit 2 Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

	(Unaudited)		
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 187,401	\$	207,217
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	847,957		857,310
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	112,255		98,681
Total current assets	1,147,613		1,163,208
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	115,465		111,367
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	214,021		219,382
Goodwill	1,305,357		1,304,231
Other long-term assets	92,169		79,305
Total assets	\$ 2,874,625	\$	2,877,493
Liabilities and stockholders' equity			
Current liabilities:			

September 30, 2015

March 31, 2015

1,502

(22,159)

186,498

2,877,493

268,984

\$

2,874,625

\$

6 (72,293) 174,985 104,457

Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 67,438	\$ 57,063
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses	445,299	481,815
Accrued compensation and benefits	251,028	279,239
Other current liabilities	24,426	30,877
Total current liabilities	788,191	848,994
Iotal current habilities Long-term debt, net of current portion	788,191 1,534,531	848,994 1,569,272
	· · · ·	

Stockholders' equity:

Total stockholders' equity

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

Common stock, Class A — \$0.01 par value — authorized, 600,000,000 shares; issued, 152,808,714 shares at September 30, 2015 and 150,237,675 shares at March 31, 2015; outstanding, 148,448,758 shares at September 30, 2015 and 147,238,282 shares at March 31,	
2015	1,528
Special voting common stock, Class E — \$0.003 par value — authorized, 25,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding, 0 shares at September 30, 2015 and 1,851,589 shares at March 31, 2015	_
Treasury stock, at cost — 4,359,956 shares at September 30, 2015 and 2,999,393 shares at March 31, 2015	(106,893)
Additional paid-in capital	208,750
Retained earnings	186,710
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(21,111)

		ıded 80,	
(Amounts in thousands)	2	2015	2014
		(Unaudited	d)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$	120,522 \$	136,399
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		30,469	32,042
Stock-based compensation expense		11,521	12,887
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation		(18,191)	(37,302)
Amortization of debt issuance costs and loss on extinguishment		4,174	7,454
Losses on dispositions and impairments		29	1,084
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable		9,353	96,032
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		5,073	374
Other long-term assets		(15,467)	7,879
Accrued compensation and benefits		(26,813)	(24,832)
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses		(36,496)	(25,578)
Accrued interest		2	5,417
Other current liabilities		(7,272)	(8,947
Other long-term liabilities		11,783	(2,380)
Net cash provided by operating activities		88,687	200,529
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of property and equipment		(29,562)	(8,931)
Cash paid for business acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(1,000)	_
Net cash used in investing activities		(30,562)	(8,931
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock		2,866	2,488
Stock option exercises		3,402	3,985
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation		18,191	37,302
Repurchases of common stock		(34,600)	(8,269)
Cash dividends paid		(38,269)	(179,492)
Dividend equivalents paid to option holders		(3,593)	(46,797
Debt issuance costs		_	(8,610)
Repayment of debt		(50,938)	(208,813
Proceeds from debt issuance		25,000	198,438
Net cash used in financing activities		(77,941)	(209,768
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(19,816)	(18,170
Cash and cash equivalents — beginning of period		207,217	259,994
Cash and cash equivalents — end of period	\$	187,401 \$	241,824
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information			
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$	26,915 \$	22,980
Income taxes	\$	80,742 \$	82,161
	φ 	00,742 3	02,101

Exhibit 4 **Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation** Non-GAAP Financial Information

		Three Months Ended September 30,			Six Mon Septer			
(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)		2015		2014		2015		2014
		(Una	udited	l)		(Una	udited)
Adjusted Operating Income								
Operating Income	\$	108,816	\$	121,983	\$	234,960	\$	261,006
Amortization of intangible assets (a)		1,056		1,056		2,112		2,112
Transaction expenses (b)						_		2,039
Adjusted Operating Income	\$	109,872	\$	123,039	\$	237,072	\$	265,157
EBITDA & Adjusted EBITDA								
Net income	\$	56,216	\$	65,284	\$	120,522	\$	136,399
Income tax expense		34,737		39,689		79,017		87,623
Interest and other, net		17,863		17,010		35,421		36,984
Depreciation and amortization		15,352		15,810		30,469		32,042
EBITDA		124,168		137,793		265,429	-	293,048
Transaction expenses (b)		—		—		—		2,039
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	124,168	\$	137,793	\$	265,429	\$	295,087
Adjusted Net Income								
Net income	\$	56,216	\$	65,284	\$	120,522	\$	136,399
Amortization of intangible assets (a)		1,056		1,056		2,112		2,112
Transaction expenses (b)		—		—				2,039
Amortization or write-off of debt issuance costs and write-off of original issue discount		1,309		1,301		2,603		3,961
Adjustments for tax effect (c)		(946)		(943)		(1,886)		(3,245)
Adjusted Net Income	\$	57,635	\$	66,698	\$	123,351	\$	141,266
Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share							-	
Weighted-average number of diluted shares outstanding		149,388,556		150,403,896		148,996,669		149,537,560
Adjusted Net Income Per Diluted Share (d)	\$	0.39	\$	0.44	\$	0.83	\$	0.94
Free Cash Flow								
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	69,591	\$	108,803	\$	88,687	\$	200,529
Less: Purchases of property and equipment		(16,422)		(6,279)		(29,562)		(8,931)
Free Cash Flow	\$	53,169	\$	102,524	\$	59,125	\$	191,598
	_		_		_		_	

Reflects amortization of intangible assets resulting from the Acquisition of our Company by The Carlyle Group. Reflects debt refinancing costs incurred in connection with the refinancing transaction consummated on May 7, 2014. (a)

(b)

(c) Reflects tax effect of adjustments at an assumed marginal tax rate of 40%.

(d) Excludes an adjustment of approximately \$764,000 and \$1.6 million of net earnings for the three and six months ended September 30, 2015 respectively, and excludes an adjustment of approximately \$2.5 million and \$2.7 million of net earnings for the three and six months ended September 30, 2014 respectively, associated with the application of the two-class method for computing diluted earnings per share.

Exhibit 5 Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation Operating Data

	As of September				
(Amounts in millions)	2015			2014	
Backlog					
Funded	\$	3,243	\$	3,337	
Unfunded (1)		2,906		2,844	
Priced Options		6,401		4,711	
Total Backlog	\$	12,550	\$	10,892	

(1) Reflects a reduction by management to the revenue value of orders for services under one existing single award ID/IQ contract the Company has had for several years, based on an established pattern of funding under this contract by the U.S. government.

		nths Ended Iber 30,
	2015	2014
Book-to-Bill *	3.49	1.93

* Book-to-bill is calculated as the change in total backlog during the relevant fiscal quarter plus the relevant fiscal quarter revenue, all divided by the relevant fiscal quarter revenue.

	As Septem	of ber 30,
	2015	2014
Headcount		
Total Headcount	22,226	22,105
Consulting Staff Headcount	20,006	20,063

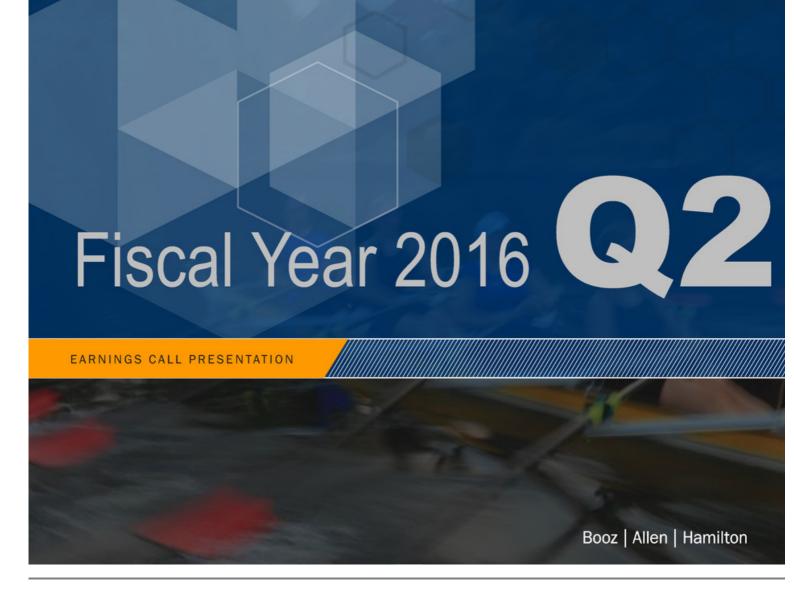
		Three Months Ended September 30,		hs Ended ber 30,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Percentage of Total Revenue by Contract Type				
Cost-Reimbursable (2)	50%	55%	52%	56%
Time-and-Materials	26%	26%	26%	26%
Fixed-Price (3)	24%	19%	22%	18%

(2) Includes both cost-plus-fixed-fee and cost-plus-award fee contracts.

(3) Includes fixed-price level of effort contracts.

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014
Days Sales Outstanding **	62	59

** Calculated as total accounts receivable divided by revenue per day during the relevant fiscal quarter.



Today's Agenda

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Forward Looking Safe Harbor Statement

Forward Looking safe harbor statement Certain statements contained in this press release and in related comments by our management include "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Examples of forward-looking statements include information concerning Booz Allen's preliminary financial outlook and guidance, including forecasted revenue, Diluted EPS, and Adjusted Diluted EPS, future quarterly dividends, and future improvements in operating margins, as well as any other statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," vilil," "could, "should," "forecasts," "predicts," "protects," virtuotok, "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "protential," "continue," "preliminary," reliminary, or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give you no assurance these expectations will prove to have been

These forward-looking statements relate to future events or our future financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainlies and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These risks and other factors include: cost cutting and efficiency initiatives, budget reductions, Congressionally mandated automatic spending cuts, and other efforts to reduce U.S. government spending, including automatic sequestration required by the Budget Control Act of 2011 (as amended by the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 and Bipartisan Budget Act of 2013), which have reduced and delayed contract awards and funding for orders for services especially in the current political environment or otherwise negatively affect our ability to generate revenue under contract awards, including as a result of reduced stating and hours of operation at U.S. government's ability to incur indebtedness in excess of its current limits, or changes in the pattern or timing of government terving and effect for Congressional and other U.S. government beyond December 11, 2015 and to craft a long-term agreement on the U.S. government's ability to incur indebtedness in excess of its current limits, and the D.S. deficit; any issue that compromises our relationships with the U.S. government or danages our professional efforts to approve funding of the U.S. government or danages our professional efforts by the U.S. government or danages our professional efforts by the U.S. government or danages our professional efforts to approve funding including and the U.S. government or danages our professional reputation, including negative publicity concerning government contractors in general or us in particular; changes in U.S. government spending, including the amount of U.S. government to decrease spending for management support service contracts, and mission priorities that shilt expenditure awards free approve funding or the dasse of our that definition of interest of a submy of realized that the requisite stills, expension activities and the stills, expension activities and the stills, expension activities and the stills expension activities a materially adverse judgments, settlements, withheld payments, penalties, or other unfavorable outcomes including debarment, as well as disputes over the availability of insurance or indumnification; continued efforts to change how the U.S. government reimburses compensation related and other expenses or otherwise limit such reimbursements, including recent rules that expand the scope of existing reimbursement limitations, such as a reduction in allowable annual employee compensation to certain contractors as a result of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2013, and an increased risk of compensation being deemed unallowable or payments being withheld as a result of U.S. government audit, review or investigation; internal system or service failures and security breaches, including, but not limited to, those resulting from external cyber attacks on our network and internal a result of U.S. government audit, review or investigation; internal system or service failures and security breaches, including, but not limited to, these resulting from external cyber attacks on our network and internal systems; risks related to changes to our operating structure, capabilities, or strategy intended to address client needs, grow our business or respond to market developments; risks associated with new relationships, clients, capabilities, inducting to cour operating structure, capabilities, or strategy intended to address client needs, grow our business or respond to market developments; risks associated with new relationships, clients, capabilities which contain financial and operating covenants; the adoption by the U.S. government of new laws, rules, and regulations studies, cancellated to our international operations; risks related to our indebtedness and credit facilities which contain financial and operating covenants; the adoption by the U.S. government of new laws, rules, and regulations, such as these relating to organizational conflicts of interest issues or limits; risks completed and future acquisitions, including our ability to realize the expected benefits from such acquisitions; an inability to utilize existing or future tax benefits, including these related to our stock-basied compensation expense, for any reason, including a change in law; and variable purchasing patterns under U.S. government GSA schedules, blanket purchase agreements and indefinite delivery, indefinite quantity contracts Additional information concerning these and other factors can be found in our bilings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on May 21, 2015. All forward-looking statements attribute to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirely by the foregoing cautionary statements. All such statements speak only as of the date made and, except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update o

Note Regarding Non-GAAP Financial Data Information

Booz Allen discloses in the following information Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Diluted EPS, and Free Cash Flow which are not recognized measurements under GAAP, and Booz Allen discloses in the following information Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Deprating and Net Income to Adjusted Operating and Net Income, Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Net Income, and net cash provided by operating activities to free cash flows, and the explanatory footnotes regarding those adjustments, and (ii) use Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted Operating activities to free cash flows, and the explanatory footnotes regarding those adjustments, and (ii) use Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Vet Income, Adjusted Operating and Net Income to Adjusted Diluted EPS in addition to, and not as an alternative to operating income, et income or Diluted EPS as a measure of operating results with cash flow in addition to and not as an alternative to net cash generated from operating activities as a measure of liquidity, each as defined under GAAP. The Financial Appendix includes a reconciliation of Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Interview to net cash generated from operating income, adjusted inaccinate measures because it believes that these measures provide investors and securities analysts with important supplemental information with which to evaluate Booz Allen's performance on the same basis as management. These supplemental effortmance on the saverements may vary from and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures by other companies in Booz Allen's included in the GAAP measure without unreasonable efforts and we believe such reconciliations would imply a degree of precision that would be confusing or misleading to investors.

Fiscal 2016 Second Quarter Business Highlights

- Booz | Allen | Hamilton
- + Building success brick by brick with goal of delivering sustainable quality growth
 - Managed the business during downturn to deliver significant shareholder value
 - Continue to invest in capabilities, talent, and markets
 - Positioned to gain share and achieve growth
- + Tremendously successful awards season
- + Backlog composition will fuel acceleration of growth in fiscal 2017 and beyond
- + Expanding our role as an essential partner to our clients
- + Successful SURVIAC transition
 - Replaced ceiling
 - Expanded Scope
 - Headwind has become a tailwind

Preliminary Second Quarter Fiscal 2016 Results

	Year To Date		Second Quarter	
Revenue	\$2.7 billion	1.8% Increase	\$1.3 billion	1.3% Increase
Adjusted EBITDA	\$265.4 million	10.1% Decline	\$124.2 million	9.9% Decline
Adjusted Net Income	\$123.4 million	12.7% Decline	\$57.6 million	13.6% Decline
Adjusted Diluted EPS	\$0.83/share	11.7% Decline	\$0.39/share	11.4% Decline
Total Backlog	\$12.6 billion	15.2% Increase	\$12.6 billion	15.2% Increase

Comparisons are to prior fiscal year period

Fiscal 2016 Full Year Outlook				
Revenue growth forecast:	Roughly Flat, with a Range of Two Percent Growth to a Two Percent Decline			
Diluted EPS forecast (1):	\$1.55 - \$1.65			
Adjusted Diluted EPS forecast (1):	\$1.60 - \$1.70			

Financial Outlook

(1) Full Fiscal Year 2016 Estimated Weighted Average Diluted Share Count: 149.5 million shares; assumes an effective tax rate of 40.2%

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Executing Our Strategy

- + We are moving closer to the center of our client's core missions'
- + We are increasing the technical content of our work
- + We are attracting and retaining superior talent in diverse areas of expertise
- + We are also delivering to clients more-complex, end-to-end solutions
- + We are creating a broad network of external partners and alliances



Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation Non-GAAP Financial Information

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- "Adjusted Operating Income" represents Operating Income before (i) certain stock option-based and other equity-based compensation expenses, (ii) adjustments related to the amortization of intangible assets, and (iii) transaction costs, fees, losses, and expenses, including fees associated with debt prepayments. Booz Allen prepares Adjusted Operating Income to eliminate the impact of items it does not consider indicative of ongoing operating performance due to their inherent unusual, extraordinary or non-recurring nature or because they result from an event of a similar nature.
- "Adjusted EBITDA" represents net income before income taxes, net interest and other expense and depreciation and amortization and before certain other items, including: (i) certain stock option-based and other equity-based compensation expenses, and (ii) transaction costs, fees, losses, and expenses, including fees associated with debt prepayments. Booz Allen prepares Adjusted EBITDA to eliminate the impact of items it does not consider indicative of ongoing operating performance due to their inherent unusual, extraordinary or non-recurring nature or because they result from an event of a similar nature.
- + "Adjusted Net Income" represents net income before: (i) certain stock option-based and other equitybased compensation expenses, (ii) transaction costs, fees, losses, and expenses, including fees associated with debt prepayments, (iii) adjustments related to the amortization of intangible assets, (iv) amortization or write-off of debt issuance costs and write-off of original issue discount and (v) any extraordinary, unusual or non-recurring items, in each case net of the tax effect calculated using an assumed effective tax rate. Booz Allen prepares Adjusted Net Income to eliminate the impact of items, net of taxes, it does not consider indicative of ongoing operating performance due to their inherent unusual, extraordinary or non-recurring nature or because they result from an event of a similar nature.
- + "Adjusted Diluted EPS" represents Diluted EPS calculated using Adjusted Net Income as opposed to Net Income. Additionally, Adjusted Diluted EPS does not contemplate any adjustments to Net Income as required under the two-class method of calculating EPS as required in accordance with GAAP.
- "Free Cash Flow" represents the net cash generated from operating activities less the impact of purchases of property and equipment.

Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation Non-GAAP Financial Information

Three Months Ended Six Months Ended September 30, September 30 (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data) 2015 2015 2014 2014 (Unaudited) (Unaudited) Adjusted Operating Income 108,816 \$ 121,983 \$ 234,960 \$ 261,006 Operating Income Amortization of intangible assets (a) 1.056 1.056 2.112 2.112 Transaction expenses (b) 2,039 Adjusted Operating Income 109,872 \$ 123,039 237,072 265,157 \$ s \$ EBITDA & Adjusted EBITDA Net income \$ 56,216 \$ 65,284 \$ 120,522 \$ 136,399 Income tax expense 34.737 39.689 79.017 87.623 Interest and other, net 17,863 17,010 35,421 36,984 Depreciation and amortization 15,352 15,810 30,469 32,042 EBITDA 124,168 137,793 265,429 293.048 Transaction expenses (b) 2,039 124.168 \$ 137,793 Adjusted EBITDA \$ s 265,429 \$ 295.087 Adjusted Net Income Net income \$ 56.216 \$ 65.284 \$ 120.522 \$ 136,399 Amortization of intangible assets (a) 1.056 1.056 2.112 2.112 Transaction expenses (b) 2,039 Amortization or write-off of debt issuance costs and write-off of original 3.961 1.309 1.301 2.603 issue discount Adjustments for tax effect (c) (946) (1,886) (3,245) (943) Adjusted Net Income \$ 57.635 66,698 123,351 141.266 \$ \$ \$ Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share Weighted-average number of diluted shares outstanding 149,388,556 150,403,896 148,996,669 149,537,560 Adjusted Net Income Per Diluted Share (d) 0.39 0.44 0.83 0.94 \$ \$ \$ Free Cash Flow Net cash provided by operating activities 69,591 \$ 108,803 \$ 88,687 \$ 200,529 \$

(16,422)

53,169 \$

(6,279)

102.524 \$

(29,562)

59,125 \$

(8,931)

191,598

Less: Purchases of property and equipment

Free Cash Flow

(a) Reflects amortization of intangible assets resulting from the Acquisition of our Company by The Carlyle Group. Also includes an estimate of Q2'16 amortization of intangible assets relating to other acquisitions.

(b) Reflects debt refinancing costs incurred in connection with the refinancing transaction consummated on May 7, 2014.

(c) Reflects tax effect of adjustments at an assumed marginal tax rate of 40%.

(d) Excludes an adjustment of approximately \$764,000 and \$1.6 million of net earnings for the three and six months ended September 30, 2015, and excludes an adjustment of approximately \$2.5 million and \$2.7 million of net earnings for the three and six months ended September 30, 2014 associated with the application of the two-class method for computing diluted earnings per share.

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